| Theme: Algebra ( $\mathrm{M}-08-116$ ) CODEC1 | Theme: Algebra (M-08-116) CODE C1 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Practice with Expansion | Lesson Title: Practice with Expansion |
| Remove the brackets and simplify the following algebraic expressions: <br> 1. $3(2 v+3)$ <br> 2. $x(4-x)$ | Answer: <br> 1. $\begin{aligned} & 3(2 v+3) \\ & =(3 \times 2 v)+(3 \times 3) \\ & =6 v+9 \end{aligned}$ <br> 2. $\begin{aligned} & x(4-x) \\ & =(x \times 4)+(x \times-x) \\ & =4 x-x^{2} \end{aligned}$ |
| 2 minutes |  |
| Theme: Algebra (M-08-117) CODE C2 | Theme: Algebra (M-08-117) CODE C2 |
| Lesson Title: Practice with Factorisation | Lesson Title: Practice with Factorisation |
| Complete the sentence: <br> The factors of a number $\qquad$ exactly into that number. | Answer: <br> The factors of a number divide exactly into that number. |
| 1 minute |  |
| Theme: Algebra (M-08-117) CODE C3 | Theme: Algebra (M-08-117) CODE C3 |
| Lesson Title: Practice with Factorisation | Lesson Title: Practice with Factorisation |
| Factorise the expression below. Show how to check your answer. $3 x+12$ | Answer: $3 x+12$ <br> First, look for the HCF of the expression. This is the largest number which can divide $3 x$ and 12. $\begin{aligned} 3 x+12 & =3() & & \text { Factor the HCF, } 3 \\ & =3(x+4) & & \text { Divide each term in } 3 x+12 \text { by } 3 \end{aligned}$ <br> Answer: $3(x+4)$ <br> Check the answer by expanding the brackets: $\begin{aligned} 3(x+3) & =(3 \times x)+(3 \times 4) \\ & =3 x+12 \end{aligned}$ |
| Theme: Algebra (M-08-118) CODE C4 | Theme: Algebra (M-08-118) CODE C4 |
| Lesson Title: Substitution with One Variable | Lesson Title: Substitution with One Variable |
| 1. Find the value of $5-2 x$ if $x=4$. <br> 2. Find the value of $3 x+8$ when $x=-5$. | Answer: <br> 1. Substitute 4 for $x$ and evaluate: $\begin{aligned} & =5-2(4) \\ & =-3 \end{aligned}$ <br> 2. Substitute $x=-5$ and evaluate, applying BODMAS: $\begin{aligned} & =3 x+8=3(-5)+8 \\ & =-15+8 \\ & =-7 \end{aligned}$ |


| Theme: Algebra (M-08-119) CODE C5 | Theme: Algebra (M-08-119) CODE C5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Substitution with Two Variables | Lesson Title: Substitution with Two Variables |
| If $x=-3$ and $y=4$, what is the value of $x+x y$ ? | Answer: <br> Remember that two variables written together in a term (as in $x y$ ) means they are multiplied together. $\begin{aligned} x+x y & =3+(-3)(4) & & \text { Substitute } x=3 \text { and } y=4 \\ & =3-12 & & \text { Subtract } \\ & =-9 & & \end{aligned}$ |
| $11 / 2$ minutes |  |
| Theme: Algebra (M-08-120) CODE C6 | Theme: Algebra (M-08-120) CODE C6 |
| Lesson Title: Substitution Practice | Lesson Title: Substitution Practice |
| Evaluate $x-y+z$ when $x=4, y=-1$ and $z=2$. | Answer: $\begin{aligned} x-y+z & =(4)-(-1)+(2) \\ & =4+1+2 \\ & =7 \end{aligned}$ |
| $11 / 2$ minutes |  |
| Theme: Algebra (M-08-121) CODE C7 | Theme: Algebra (M-08-121) CODE C7 |
| Lesson Title: Linear Equations in One Variable | Lesson Title: Linear Equations in One Variable |
|  | Answer: |
| Solve each of the linear equations for the variable: |  |
| 1. $z+7=9$ | 1. $z+7=9 \quad$ transpose 7 to solve for $z$ $\mathrm{z}=2$ |
| 2. $4+a=-4$ | 2. $4+a=-4$ transpose 4 to solve for $a$ $a=-8$ |
| 2 minutes |  |
| Theme: Algebra (M-08-122) CODE C8 | Theme: Algebra (M-08-122) CODE C8 |
| Lesson Title: Solving Linear Equations I | Lesson Title: Solving Linear Equations I |
| Solve for the variable in the equation below.$60+x=15$ | Answer: |
|  | $60+x=15$ |
|  | To balance the equation, subtract 60 from both sides. $\begin{array}{ll} 60+x-60=15-60 & \text { Subtract } 60 \text { from both sides } \\ x+0=-45 & \text { Simplify } \\ x=-45 & \end{array}$ |
|  |  |

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Theme: Algebra (M-08-123) CODE C9 \& Theme: Algebra (M-08-123) CODE C9 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Solving Linear Equations II \& Lesson Title: Solving Linear Equations II \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Solve the following equations: \\
1. \(6 x=12\) \\
2. \(5 y=5\)
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Answer:
\[
\begin{aligned}
1.6 x \& =12 \\
\frac{6 x}{6} \& =\frac{12}{6} \\
x \& =2
\end{aligned}
\] \\
Divide both sides by 6 \\
2.
\[
\begin{aligned}
\& 5 y=5 \\
\& \frac{5 y}{5}=\frac{5}{5} \\
\& y=1
\end{aligned}
\] \\
Divide both sides by 5
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Theme: Algebra (M-08-124) CODE C10 \& Theme: Algebra (M-08-124) CODE C10 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Solving Linear Equations III \& Lesson Title: Solving Linear Equations III \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Solve:
\[
2(x+1)=6
\] \\
2 minutes
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Answer: \\
Remove the brackets before balancing the equation. \\
BODMAS
\[
\begin{array}{ll}
2(x+1)=6 \& \\
2 x+2=6 \& \text { Remove the brackets } \\
2 x+2-2=6-2 \& \text { Subtract } 2 \text { from both sides } \\
2 x=4 \& \\
\frac{2 x}{2}=\frac{4}{2} \& \text { Divide both sides by } 2 \\
x=2 \&
\end{array}
\]
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Theme: Algebra (M-08-126) CODE C11 \& Theme: Algebra (M-08-126) CODE C11 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Verifying Solutions \& Lesson Title: Verifying Solutions \\
\hline Is \(x=7\) a solution to the equation \(3 x+10=x-4 ?\)

3 minutes \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| substitute $x=7$ and answer the question. $\begin{array}{\|ll} 3 x+10=x-4 & \text { Equation } \\ 3(7)+10=7-4 & \text { Substitute } \\ 21+10=3 & \text { Evaluate } \\ 31 \neq 3 & \\ \text { LHS } \neq \text { RHS } & \end{array}$ |
| No, $x=7$ is not a solution to the equation. |
| The left-hand side is not equal to the righthand side. | \\

\hline Theme: Algebra (M-08-128) CODE C12 \& Theme: Algebra (M-08-128) CODE C12 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Solving Linear Equations Story Problems I \& Lesson Title: Solving Linear Equations Story Problems I \\

\hline | Solve the following word problem: |
| :--- |
| Fatu is a baker. She is going to the market to buy sugar. |
| Sugar costs Le 2,000.00 per cup. She has Le 8,000.00 to spend on sugar. |
| a. Write a linear equation for the story, where $s$ is cups of sugar. |
| b. Solve the linear equation to find how many cups of sugar Fatu can buy. | \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| a. To find a linear equation, multiply $s$ by the cost of 1 cup. Fatu spends 2,000 s on sugar. We also know that she spends 8,000 on sugar. |
| This gives the equation $2,000 \boldsymbol{s}=\mathbf{8 , 0 0 0}$. |
| b. Solve the linear equation for $s$ $\begin{aligned} 2,000 s & =8,000 \\ \frac{2,000 s}{2,000} & =\frac{8,000}{2,000} \quad \text { Divide both sides by } 2,000 \\ s & =4 \end{aligned}$ |
| Fatu can buy 4 cups of sugar. | \\

\hline
\end{tabular}

| Theme: Algebra (M-08-129) CODE C13 | Theme: Algebra (M-08-129) CODE C13 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Solving Linear Equation Story Problems II | Lesson Title: Solving Linear Equation Story Problems II |
| Solve the following word problem: <br> Three more than twice a certain number is nineteen. What is the number? | Answer: <br> Write a linear equation based on the first sentence. Then solve the linear equation. Read the sentence carefully. <br> Assign a variable to the "certain number", say $x$. $2 x+3=19$ <br> Solve the equation for $x$ : $\begin{aligned} & \begin{array}{l} 2 x+3-3=19-3 \\ 2 x=16 \\ \\ \frac{2 x}{2}=\frac{16}{2} \\ x=8 \end{array} \quad \text { Subtract } 3 \text { from both sides } \\ & \text { Thertain number is } 8 . \end{aligned}$ |
| Theme: Algebra (M-08-130) CODE C14 | Theme: Algebra (M-08-130) CODE C14 |
| Lesson Title: Linear Equation Practice | Lesson Title: Linear Equation Practice |
| The ages of 4 friends are $x, x+3, x-1$ and $x+2$. <br> a. Write an expression for the combined age of the friends. <br> b. If their combined age is 44 years, what is the age of the youngest friend? | Answer: <br> a. Combined age $=x+(x+3)+(x-1)+(x+2)$ $=4 x+4$ <br> b. Set the expression equal to 44 to find $x$. $\begin{aligned} & 4 x+4=44 \\ & 4 x=40 \\ & \frac{4 x}{4}=\frac{40}{4} \\ & x=10 \end{aligned}$ <br> Equation <br> Divide both sides by 4 <br> Use the value of $x$ to find the age of each friend: $x-1=10-1=9$ The youngest friend is 9 years old |
| Theme: Algebra (M-08-131) CODE C15 | Theme: Algebra (M-08-131) CODE C15 |
| Lesson Title: Introduction to the Cartesian Plane | Lesson Title: Introduction to the Cartesian Plane |
| Sketch a Cartesian plane with axes from -10 to +10 . It is not necessary to measure intervals on the axes with a ruler. | Answer: x and y axes meet at 0 and are labelled x and y . |
| Theme: Algebra (M-08-132) CODE C16 | Theme: Algebra (M-08-132) CODE C16 |
| Lesson Title: Identifying Points in the Cartesian Plane | Lesson Title: Identifying Points in the Cartesian Plane |
| Identify which quadrant each of the following points is in: <br> a. $(-3,2)$ <br> b. $(-5,-7)$ <br> c. $(1,-3)$ | Answer: <br> a. $(-3,2)$ is in quadrant II because both $x$ is negative and $y$ is positive. <br> b. $(-5,-7)$ is in quadrant III because both $x$ and $y$ are negative. <br> c. $(1,-3)$ is in quadrant IV because $x$ is positive and $y$ is negative. |
|  |  |



| Theme: Statistics and Probability (M-08-138) $\quad$ CODE C21 |
| :--- |
| Lesson Title: Bar Charts |
| The table below shows the marks of pupils in a test. No pupil |
| scored lower than $40 \%$ or higher than 85\%. Draw a bar chart |
| for the information using squared paper or your own paper. |
| Marks $40 \%$ $45 \%$ $50 \%$ $55 \%$ $60 \%$ $65 \%$ $70 \%$ $75 \%$ $80 \%$ $85 \%$ <br> Number of <br> pupils 1 2 4 3 0 2 5 8 1 2 |

The table below shows the marks of pupils in a test. No pupil scored lower than $40 \%$ or higher than $85 \%$. Draw a bar chart for the information using squared paper or your own paper.

3 minutes
Theme: Statistics and Probability (M-08-139) CODE C22

| Lesson Title: Line Graphs |
| :--- |

The table below shows daily temperatures for London,
recorded for 6 days in degrees Celsius. Display the data in
line graph. Use 15 to 25 degrees to mark the $y$-axis.

| Day | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Temperature $\left({ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | 17 | 19 | 18 | 16 | 21 | 23 |

$31 / 2$ minutes

a. What was the lowest score on the test?
b. If pupils need 7 marks or higher to pass, how many pupils passed the test?

2 minutes

| Theme: $S$ Statistics and Probability (M-08-141) $\quad$ CODEC24 | Theme: $\quad$ Statistics and Probability (M-08-141) | CODE C24 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Lesson Title: Mean |  | Lesson Title: Mean |
|  | Answer |  |

The number of goals scored by a team in 9 football matches are as follows:

$$
3,5,7,7,8,8,8,11,15
$$

Calculate the mean number of goals scored.

Lesson Title: Bar Charts
Answer:


Theme: Statistics and Probability (M-08-139) CODE C22
Lesson Title: Line Graphs
Answer:
Temperatures in London:
Temperature in London


Theme: Statistics and Probability (M-08-140) CODE C23
Lesson Title: Interpreting Charts and Graphs
Answer:
a. 1 mark
b. $10+8+7+3=28$ pupils

Answer:

Find the mean by adding the number of goals scored, and dividing by the number of football matches:

Mean $=\frac{3+5+7+7+8+8+8+11+15}{9}$

$$
=\frac{72}{9}
$$

$$
=8
$$

The mean number of goals scored is 8 .

| Theme: Statistics and Probability (M-08-142) CODE C25 | Theme: Statistics and Probability (M-08-142) CODE C25 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Median | Lesson Title: Median |
| The shoe sizes of five pupils are $10,9,10,11$ and 8 . Find the median shoe size. | Answer: <br> List the numbers in ascending order: $8,9,10,10,11$ Identify the middle of the list: 10 <br> The median shoe size of the five pupils is 10 . |
| Theme: Statistics and Probability (M-08-143) CODE C26 | Theme: Statistics and Probability (M-08-143) CODE C26 |
| Lesson Title: Mode and Range | Lesson Title: Mode and Range |
| John is a doctor. Today, he treated 10 children. He recorded the weight of each child in kilograms, listed below. <br> Find the mode and range of their weights. $14,20,17,21,15,13,20,19,15,12$ | Answer: <br> Write the numbers in ascending order: $12,13,14,15,15,17,19,20,20,21$ <br> Mode: The mode is the number that appears most often. The numbers 15 and 20 both appear 2 times. Therefore, there are 2 modes: 15 and 20 kg . <br> Range: Subtract the lowest number from the highest number: $21-12=9$. The range is 9 kg . |
| Theme: Statistics and Probability (M-08-144) CODE C27 | Theme: Statistics and Probability (M-08-144) CODE C27 |
| Lesson Title: Interpreting Pie Charts | Lesson Title: Interpreting Pie Charts |
| Aminata earned Le 2,000,000.00 by selling goods in her shop. The pie chart below shows the percentage that Aminata earned this week in each category of goods. <br> How much did Aminata earn from electronics? | Answer: <br> To find how much she earned from electronics, find $15 \%$ of Le 2,000,000.00. Earned from electronics $\begin{aligned} \text { Earned from electronics } & =\frac{15}{100} \times L e 2000000 \\ & =0.15 \times L e 2000000 \\ & =L e 300,000 \end{aligned}$ |
| Theme: Statistics and Probability (M-08-144) CODE C28 | Theme: Statistics and Probability (M-08-144) CODE C28 |
| Lesson Title: Interpreting Pie Charts | Lesson Title: Interpreting Pie Charts |
| Please refer to the information and diagram in CODE C27 to answer the following questions: <br> a. From which category of goods did Aminata earn the least amount of money? <br> b. How much more did Aminata earn from tools than from electronics? | Answer: <br> a. Aminata earned the least amount of money from miscellaneous <br> b. Earned $\begin{aligned} & \text { tools }=\frac{55}{100} \times \text { Le } 2,000,000 \\ & \quad=0.55 \times \text { Le } 2,000,000 \\ & \quad=\text { Le } 1,100,000 \end{aligned}$ <br> Aminata earned Le 300,000 from electronic sales and hence: $\begin{aligned} \text { difference: }= & 1,100,000-300,0000 \\ & =\text { Le 800,000 } \end{aligned}$ |




