\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-001) CODE: A1 \& Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-001) CODE: A1 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Concept and Vocabulary of Factors \& Lesson Title: Concept and Vocabulary of Factors \\
\hline What are factors?

1 minute \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| Factors are numbers that can go into another number without a remainder. | \\

\hline Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-001) CODE: A2 \& Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-001) CODE: A2 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Concept and Vocabulary of Factors \& Lesson Title: Concept and Vocabulary of Factors \\

\hline | Look at this list of numbers: $0 ; 24 ; 48 ; 8 ; 13 ; 2 ; 40 ; 1 ; 14$. |
| :--- |
| Which numbers are factors of $24 ?$ | \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| The factors of 24 are: 24 and 1 | \\

\hline Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-001) CODE: A3 \& Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-001) CODE: A3 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Concept and Vocabulary of Factors \& Lesson Title: Concept and Vocabulary of Factors \\

\hline | Find the factors of the following numbers: |
| :--- |
| i. $\quad 18$ |
| ii. $\quad 30$ |
| iii. $\quad 32$ | \& Answer:

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { i } & 1 ; 2 ; 3 ; 6 ; 9 ; 18 \\
\text { ii } & 1 ; 2 ; 3 ; 5 ; 6 ; 10 ; 15 ; 30 \\
\text { iii } & 1 ; 2 ; 4 ; 8 ; 16 ; 32
\end{array}
$$ \\

\hline 4 minutes \& \\
\hline Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-002) CODE: A4 \& Theme: $\quad$ Numbers and Numeration (M-07-002) CODE: A4 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Multiples of Whole Numbers \& Lesson Title: Multiples of Whole Numbers \\
\hline \multirow[t]{2}{*}{What is a multiple?

$111 / 2$ minutes} \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| A multiple of a given number can be divided exactly by that number; It is a number you get when you multiply a given number by any other whole number. | \\

\hline \& \\
\hline
\end{tabular}




\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Theme: \(\quad\) Numbers and Numeration (M-07-005) CODE: A13 \& Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-005) CODE: A13 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Highest Common Factor (HCF) \& Lesson Title: Highest Common Factor (HCF) \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Use a factor tree to find the HCF of: \\
a.) \(\quad 14\) and 28 \\
b.) \(\quad 18\) and 30
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Answer: \\
(a). \\
(b).
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-006) CODE: A14 \& Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-006) CODE: A14 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Common Multiples \& Lesson Title: Common Multiples \\
\hline Give the first five multiples of 5

1 minute \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| The first five multiples of 5 are: $5,10,15,20,25$ | \\

\hline Theme: $\quad$ Numbers and Numeration (M-07-006) CODE: A15 \& Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-006) CODE: A15 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Common Multiples \& Lesson Title: Common Multiples \\

\hline List the first ten multiples of $\mathbf{3}$ and 5 . 3 minutes \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| The first ten multiples of 3 and 5 are: |
| 3: $3,6,9,12,15,18,21,24,27,30$ |
| 5: $5,10,15,20,25,30,35,40,45,50$ | \\

\hline Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-006) CODE: A16 \& Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-006) CODE: A16 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Common Multiples \& Lesson Title: Common Multiples \\

\hline | a. Find the first 5 common multiples of 3 and 6 . |
| :--- |
| b. Find the first 3 common multiples of 6 and 9 . |
| 4 minutes | \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| a: |
| 3: 3, 6, 9, (12) 15, (18) 21,(24) 27,(30 |
| 6: (6) (12) (18), (24), (30) |
| b: $\begin{aligned} & \text { 6: } 6,12,18,24,30,36,42,48,54 \\ & 9: \quad 9,18,27,36,45,54 \end{aligned}$ | \\

\hline
\end{tabular}



| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-010) CODE: A21 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-010) CODE: A21 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Higher Powers of Whole Numbers | Lesson Title: Higher Powers of Whole Numbers |
| Simplify the following: <br> (a) $6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6$ <br> (b) $7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$ <br> (c) $3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3$ <br> Expand the following: <br> (d) $2^{5}$ <br> (e) $8^{4}$ | Answer: <br> (a) $6^{5}$ <br> (b) $7^{4}$ <br> (c) $3^{5}$ <br> (d) $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$ <br> (e) $8 \times 8 \times 8 \times 8$ |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-011) CODE: A22 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-011) CODE: A22 |
| Lesson Title: Multiplying Two Indices | Lesson Title: Multiplying Two Indices |
| What is the value of the power and what is the value of the base in the expression below: $3^{4}$ <br> 2 minutes | Answer: <br> The power = 4 <br> The base $=3$ |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-011) CODE: A23 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-011) CODE: A23 |
| Lesson Title: Multiplying Two Indices | Lesson Title: Multiplying Two Indices |
| Complete the following sentence: <br> When multiplying two indices with the same base, $\qquad$ | Answer: <br> When multiplying two indices with the same base, simply add the powers. |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-011) CODE: A24 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-011) CODE: A24 |
| Lesson Title: Multiplying Two Indices | Lesson Title: Multiplying Two Indices |
| Identify the Law of Indices in the following expression: $a^{m} \times a^{n}=a^{m+n}$ | Answer: <br> It is the first law of indices. |


| Theme: $\quad$ Numbers and Numeration (M-07-011) CODE: A25 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-011) CODE: A25 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Multiplying Two Indices | Lesson Title: Multiplying Two Indices |
| Simplify the following. <br> Leave your answer in index form: <br> (a) $4^{2} \times 4$ <br> (b) $2^{3} \times 2^{4}$ | Answer: <br> (a) $4^{2} \times 4=4^{2} \times 4^{1}=4^{2+1}=4^{3}$ <br> (b) $2^{3} \times 2^{4}=2^{3+4}=2^{7}$ |
| Theme: $\quad$ Numbers and Numeration (M-07-012) CODE: A26 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-012) CODE: A26 |
| Lesson Title: Dividing Two Indices | Lesson Title: Dividing Two Indices |
| Complete the following sentence: <br> When we divide two indices with the same base, $\qquad$ <br> $11 / 2$ minutes | Answer: <br> When we divide two indices with the same base, <br> we subtract the powers to get the answer. |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-012) CODE: A27 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-012) CODE: A27 |
| Lesson Title: Dividing Two Indices | Lesson Title: Dividing Two Indices |
| Identify the Law of Indices in the following expression: $a^{m} \div a^{n}=a^{m-n}$ <br> $11 / 2$ minutes | Answer: <br> It is the second law of indices. |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-012) CODE: A28 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-012) CODE: A28 |
| Lesson Title: Dividing Two Indices | Lesson Title: Dividing Two Indices |
| Simplify: <br> i) $\quad 2^{4} \div 2^{2}$ <br> ii) $\frac{t^{6}}{t^{3}}$ | Answer: <br> i) $\quad 2^{4} \div 2^{2}=2^{4-2}=2^{2}$ <br> ii) $\frac{t^{6}}{t^{3}}=t^{6} \div t^{3}=t^{6-3}=t^{3}$ |
| 3 minutes |  |


| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-013) CODE: A29 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-013) CODE: A29 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Multiplication and Division of Indices | Lesson Title: Multiplication and Division of Indices |
| Simplify: <br> (a) $\frac{3^{2} \times 3^{5}}{3^{4} \times 3}$ <br> (b) $\frac{2^{5} \times 2^{4}}{2^{3} \times 2^{2}}$ <br> (c) $\frac{6^{2} \times 6^{3}}{6^{4}}$ | Answer: <br> (a) ${\frac{3}{} 3^{2} \times 3^{5} \times 3^{1}}_{3^{2}}^{=\frac{3^{2+5}}{3^{4+1}}=\frac{3^{7}}{3^{5}}=3^{7-5}=3^{2} .{ }^{2}}$ <br> (b) $\frac{2^{5} \times 2^{4}}{2^{3} \times 2^{2}}=\frac{2^{5+4}}{2^{8+2}}=\frac{2^{9}}{2^{5}}=2^{9-5}=2^{4}$ <br> (c) $\frac{6^{2} \times 6^{8}}{6^{4}}=\frac{6^{2+3}}{6^{4}}=\frac{6^{5}}{6^{4}}=6^{5-4}=6^{1}=6$ |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-014) CODE: A30 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-014) CODE: A30 |
| Lesson Title: Introduction to Fractions | Lesson Title: Introduction to Fractions |
| Draw shapes to show the following fractions: <br> (a) $\frac{1}{3}$ <br> (b) $\frac{3}{8}$ <br> (c) $\frac{5}{6}$ | Answer: <br> (a) <br> (b) <br> (c) |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-015) CODE: A31 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-015) CODE: A31 |
| Lesson Title: Introduction to Fractions | Lesson Title: Introduction to Fractions |
| i) Which fraction is bigger $\frac{4}{5}$ or $\frac{4}{6}$ ? <br> ii) Put this list of fractions in ascending order (smallest first): $\frac{3}{9} ; \frac{3}{11} ; \frac{3}{5} ; \frac{3}{7}$ <br> iii) Put this list of fractions in descending order (largest first): $\frac{5}{6} ; \frac{5}{11} ; \frac{5}{8} ; \frac{5}{9}$ <br> 4 minutes | Answer: <br> i) $\frac{4}{5}$ <br> ii) $\quad \frac{3}{11} ; \frac{3}{9} ; \frac{3}{7} ; \frac{3}{5}$ <br> iii) $\frac{5}{6} ; \frac{5}{8} ; \frac{5}{9} ; \frac{5}{11}$ |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-016) CODE: A32 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-016) CODE: A32 |
| Lesson Title: Adding fractions with the same denominator | Lesson Title: Adding fractions with the same denominator |
| Write down the numerator and the denominator in the following fraction: $\frac{2}{13}$ | Answer: <br> The numerator is 2 . <br> The denominator is 13 . |


| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-016) CODE: A33 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-016) CODE: A33 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Adding fractions with the same denominator | Lesson Title: Adding fractions with the same denominator |
| Complete the following sentence: <br> When the fractions have the same denominator, | Answer: <br> When the fractions have the same denominator, we add the numerators and keep the same denominator. |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A34 | Theme: $\quad$ Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A34 |
| Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators | Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators |
| Complete the following sentence: <br> A fraction in which the denominator is bigger than the numerator is known as a $\qquad$ | Answer: <br> A fraction in which the denominator is bigger than the numerator is known as a proper fraction. |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A35 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A35 |
| Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators | Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators |
| Solve the problems below: <br> (i) $\frac{2}{7}+\frac{5}{7}$ <br> (ii) $\frac{2}{9}+\frac{2}{9}$ | Answer: <br> (i) $\frac{2}{7}+\frac{5}{7}=\frac{2+5}{7}=\frac{7}{7}=1$ <br> (ii) $\frac{2}{9}+\frac{2}{9}=\frac{2+2}{9}=\frac{4}{9}$ |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A36 | Theme: $\quad$ Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A36 |
| Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators | Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators |
| My mother gave me $\frac{3}{8}$ of a pawpaw, and my father gave me $\frac{2}{8}$ of a pawpaw. <br> How much pawpaw do I have in total? | Answer: $\frac{3}{8}+\frac{2}{8}=\frac{3+2}{8}=\frac{5}{8}$ |
|  |  |


| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A37 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A37 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators | Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators |
| Complete the following sentences: <br> a) To subtract fractions with different denominators, we need to <br> find a $\qquad$ <br> b) To add fractions with different denominators, we need to find a $\qquad$ | Answer: <br> a) To subtract fractions with different denominators, we need to find a common denominator. <br> b) To add fractions with different denominators, we need to find a common denominator. |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A38 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A38 |
| Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators | Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators |
| Complete the following sentence: <br> A fraction in which the denominator is bigger than the numerator is a $\qquad$ | Answer: <br> A fraction in which the denominator is bigger than the numerator is a proper fraction. |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A39 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A39 |
| Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators | Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators |
| Complete the following sentence: <br> A fraction in which the denominator is smaller than the numerator is known as an $\qquad$ | Answer: <br> A fraction in which the denominator is smaller than the numerator is known as an improper fraction. |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A40 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A40 |
| Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators | Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators |
| Change the following improper fraction into a mixed fraction: $\frac{31}{30}$ <br> $11 / 2$ minutes | Answer: $\begin{aligned} & \frac{31}{30} \\ & =31 \div 30 \\ & =1 \frac{1}{30} \end{aligned}$ |


| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A41 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-017) CODE: A41 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators | Lesson Title: Adding fractions with different denominators |
| Solve the following problems: <br> (i) $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{3}{5}$ <br> (ii) $\frac{2}{5}+\frac{2}{3}$ | Answer: <br> (i) $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{3}{5}=\frac{5}{20}+\frac{12}{20}=\frac{5+12}{20}=\frac{17}{20}$ <br> (ii) $\frac{2}{5}+\frac{2}{3}=\frac{6}{15}+\frac{10}{15}=\frac{6+10}{15}=\frac{16}{15}=1 \frac{1}{15}$ |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-018) CODE: A42 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-018) CODE: A42 |
| Lesson Title: Subtracting fractions with the same denominators | Lesson Title: Subtracting fractions with the same denominators |
| Solve the following problems: <br> (a) <br> (b) $\frac{6}{7}-\frac{4}{7}$ <br> (c) $\frac{10}{11}-\frac{6}{11}$ | Answer: <br> (a) $\frac{3}{5}-\frac{1}{5}=\frac{2}{5}$ <br> (b) $\frac{6}{7}-\frac{4}{7}=\frac{2}{7}$ <br> (c) $\frac{10}{11}-\frac{6}{11}=\frac{4}{11}$ ) |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-019) CODE: A43 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-019) CODE: A43 |
| Lesson Title: Subtracting fractions with different denominators | Lesson Title: Subtracting fractions with different denominators |
| Simplify: <br> (i) $\frac{8}{9}-\frac{2}{3}$ <br> (ii) A man shared $\frac{5}{6}$ of his money between his 2 sons. If the first son received $\frac{3}{4}$ of his total money, what fraction of his money did his second son receive? <br> 4 minutes | Answer: <br> (i) $\frac{8}{9}-\frac{2}{3}=\frac{8}{9}-\frac{6}{9}=\frac{8-6}{9}=\frac{2}{9}$ <br> (ii) $\frac{5}{6}-\frac{3}{4}=\frac{10}{12}-\frac{9}{12}=\frac{10-9}{12}=\frac{1}{12}$ |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-020) CODE: A44 | Theme: $\quad$ Numbers and Numeration (M-07-020) CODE: A44 |
| Lesson Title: Multiplication of fractions | Lesson Title: Multiplication of fractions |
| Simplify: $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{8} \times \frac{2}{3}$ | Answer: $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{8}=\frac{1 \times 3}{2 \times 8}=\frac{3}{16} \rightarrow \frac{3}{16} \times \frac{2}{3}=\frac{6}{48}=\frac{1}{8}$ |
| 3 minutes |  |


| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-021) CODE: A45 | Theme: $\quad$ Numbers and Numeration (M-07-021) CODE: A45 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Division of fractions | Lesson Title: Division of fractions |
| Simplify: <br> a. $\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{2}{3}$ <br> b. $\frac{6}{7} \div \frac{5}{6}$ | Answer: <br> a. $\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{2}{3}=\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{2}=\frac{3}{4}$ <br> b. $\frac{6}{7} \div \frac{5}{6}=\frac{6}{7} \times \frac{6}{5}=\frac{36}{35}=1 \frac{1}{35}$ |
| Theme: Everyday Arithmetic (M-07-022) CODE: A46 | Theme: Everyday Arithmetic (M-07-022) CODE: A46 |
| Lesson Title: Story problems on the basic operations on fractions | Lesson Title: Story problems on the basic operations on fractions |
| Solve the problems below: <br> (i) Marie uses $\frac{1}{4}$ of her money to buy rice, and $\frac{3}{8}$ to buy palm oil. What fraction of her money is left? <br> (ii) Bendu wants to buy enough rice for her family's dinner. Each member of her family eats $\frac{3}{4}$ cup of rice, and there are 8 members of her family. How many cups should she buy? <br> 5 minutes | Answer: <br> (i) $\begin{aligned} & 1-\left(\frac{1}{4}+\frac{3}{8}\right)=1-\left(\frac{2}{8}+\frac{3}{8}\right)= \\ & 1-\frac{5}{8}=\frac{8}{8}-\frac{5}{8}=\frac{3}{8} \end{aligned}$ <br> (ii) $\frac{3}{4} \times 8=\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{8}{1}=\frac{3 \times 8}{4 \times 1}=\frac{24}{4}=6$ cups |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-024) CODE: A47 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-024) CODE: A47 |
| Lesson Title: Decimals to fractions | Lesson Title: Decimals to fractions |
| Express the following as fractions in their lowest terms: <br> a. 5.32 <br> b. 0.325 <br> c. 0.66 | Answer: <br> (a) $5.32=5 \frac{32}{100}=5 \frac{8}{25}$ <br> (b) $0.325=\frac{325}{1000}=\frac{13}{40}$ <br> (c) $0.66=\frac{66}{100}=\frac{33}{50}$ |
| Theme: $\quad$ Numbers and Numeration (M-07-025) CODE: A48 | Theme: $\quad$ Numbers and Numeration (M-07-025) CODE: A48 |
| Lesson Title: Fractions to decimals | Lesson Title: Fractions to decimals |
| Express the following fractions as decimals: <br> a) $\frac{4}{5}$ <br> b) $1 \frac{19}{100}$ <br> c) $39 \frac{1}{2}$ | Answer: <br> (a) $\begin{gathered}\frac{4}{5}= \\ 5$$0 .$ $\begin{array}{c}4 \cdot \\ -4\end{array} \quad 0 \\ 0\end{gathered}=0.8$ <br> (b) $1 \frac{19}{100}=1.19$ <br> (c) $\begin{aligned} \frac{1}{2}\end{aligned}=\begin{array}{r}0.5 \\ 2 \\ \\ \hline\end{array} \begin{aligned} & 1.0\end{aligned} \quad 0.5 \rightarrow 39 \frac{1}{2}=39.5$ |


| Theme: | Numbers and Numeration (M-07-026) | CODE: A49 | Them | Numbers and Numeration (M-07-026) | CODE: A49 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Rounding off decimal numbers to whole numbers |  |  | Lesson Title: Rounding off decimal numbers to whole numbers |  |  |
| In a mathematics test, Amadu and Fatmata were asked to round 36.5 to the nearest whole number. <br> Amadu's answer was 36 while Fatmata's was 37. <br> Which of them is correct? Give reasons. |  |  | Answer: <br> Fatmata's answer was correct because 0.5 can be rounded up by adding 1 to 36 . <br> This makes 36.5 become 37 when rounded to the nearest whole number. |  |  |
| Theme: | Numbers and Numeration (M-07-027) | CODE: A50 | Them | Numbers and Numeration (M-07-027) | CODE: A50 |
| Lesson | e: Rounding off decimal numbers |  | Lesson Title: Rounding off decimal numbers |  |  |
| Round to the number of decimal places given in brackets: <br> (a) 7.263 (2) <br> (b) 73.0448 (2) <br> (c) 0.04168 (3) <br> (d) 0.7208 (3) |  |  | Answer: <br> (a) $7.263 \quad \rightarrow 7.26$ <br> (b) $73.0448 \quad \rightarrow 73.04$ <br> (c) $0.04168 \quad \rightarrow 0.042$ <br> (d) $0.7208 \quad \rightarrow 0.0721$ |  |  |
| Theme: | Numbers and Numeration (M-07-028) | CODE: A51 | Then | Numbers and Numeration (M-07-028) | CODE: A51 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Lessor } \\ & 10,10 \end{aligned}$ | itle: Rounding off whole numbers and and 1000 | cimals to nearest | Lesson Title: Rounding off whole numbers and decimals to nearest 10, 100 and 1000 |  |  |
| (a) Round 6309 to nearest 10 ; <br> (b) Round 9672.64 to nearest 100 ; <br> (c) Round 5085.12 to nearest 1000. |  |  | Answer: <br> (a) $63(0) 9=6310$ <br> (b) 9 (6) $72.64=9700.00$ or 9700 <br> (c) (5) $085.12=5000.00$ or 5000.5 |  |  |
| Theme | Numbers and Numeration (M-07-029) | CODE: A52 | Theme | Numbers and Numeration (M-07-029) | CODE: A52 |
| Lesso by pow | itle: Multiplying and dividing whole n s of 10 | bers and decimals | Lesson Title: Multiplying and dividing whole numbers and decimals by powers of 10 |  |  |
| Comp To mu we mo | the following sentence: <br> ly or divide decimals and whole n <br> the point to the $\qquad$ | sy powers of 10, $11 / 2$ minutes | Answer: <br> To multiply or divide decimals and whole numbers by powers of 10 , we move the point to the right for multiplication and to the left for division. |  |  |



\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Theme: Everyday Arithmetic (M-07-032) CODE: A57 \& Theme: Everyday Arithmetic (M-07-032) CODE: A57 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Multiplying and dividing decimals \& Lesson Title: Multiplying and dividing decimals \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Solve: \\
i) \(\quad 1.341 \div 0.03\) \\
ii) \(\quad 0.24 \times 0.02\)
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Answer: \\
i) \(1.341 \div 0.03(1.341 \times 100) \div(0.03 \times 100)=134.1 \div 3=44.7\) \\
ii)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Theme: Everyday Arithmetic (M-07-033) CODE: A58 \& Theme: Everyday Arithmetic (M-07-033) CODE: A58 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Order of operations (BODMAS) \& Lesson Title: Order of operations (BODMAS) \\
\hline What do the letters of BODMAS stand for?

$111 / 2$ minutes \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| BODMAS stands for 'brackets of division, multiplication, addition and subtraction'. | \\

\hline Theme: Everyday Arithmetic (M-07-033) CODE: A59 \& Theme: Everyday Arithmetic (M-07-033) CODE: A59 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Order of operations (BODMAS) \& Lesson Title: Order of operations (BODMAS) \\

\hline | Simplify: |
| :--- |
| a. $5.1 \times(6.2-3)$ |
| b. $7 \times 2^{3} \div 4$ |
| c. $15 \div 3+4^{3}$ | \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| a. $5.1 \times(6.2-3)=5.1 \times 3.2=16.32$ |
| b. $7 \times 2^{3} \div 4=7 \times 8 \div 4=7 \times 2=14$ |
| c. $15 \div 3+4^{3}=15 \div 3+64=5+64=69$ | \\

\hline Theme: Everyday Arithmetic (M-07-034) CODE: A60 \& Theme: Everyday Arithmetic (M-07-034) CODE: A60 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Estimation \& Lesson Title: Estimation \\

\hline | (a) Round 63,194 to nearest Thousands; |
| :--- |
| (b) Estimate $828+43$ to the nearest Tens place |
| (c) Estimate 23,489-2373 to the nearest Thousands place. | \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| (a) 63,000 |
| (b) 870 |
| (c) 21,000 | \\

\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Theme: Everyday Arithmetic (M-07-035) CODE: A61 \& Theme: Everyday Arithmetic (M-07-035) CODE: A61 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Story problems with whole numbers and decimals \& Lesson Title: Story problems with whole numbers and decimals \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
a) A trader has 500 mangoes. After selling some mangoes, the number reduced to 289. \\
How many mangoes were sold? \\
b) After recovering from illness, Mustapha tried to gain weight. For 7 weeks he was able to gain 0.4 kg . each week. \\
How much did he gain in total? \\
Round your answer to the nearest kilogram. \\
4 minutes
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Answer: \\
a) \(500-289=211\) mangoes; \\
b) \(7 \times 0.4 \mathrm{~kg} .=2.8 \mathrm{~kg} . \rightarrow 3 \mathrm{~kg}\).
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-036) CODE: A62 \& Theme: \(\quad\) Numbers and Numeration (M-07-036) CODE: A62 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Percentages \& Lesson Title: Percentages \\
\hline What do we mean by 'percent'?

11122 minutes \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| Percent means per hundred, or part of 100 , or out of 100 . | \\

\hline Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-036) CODE: A63 \& Theme: $\quad$ Numbers and Numeration (M-07-036) CODE: A63 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Percentages \& Lesson Title: Percentages \\

\hline | i. A student scored 85 marks out of 100 on an exam. Express this as a percentage. |
| :--- |
| ii. There were 100 women in a meeting, but 25 of them left. What percentage of the women left the meeting? |
| iii. There are 100 pupils registered in a school, and 56 of them are girls. What percentage of the pupils are girls? What percentage are boys? | \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| i. 85 out of $100=85 \%$ |
| ii. 25 out of $100=25 \%$ |
| iii. Girls: 56 out of $100=56 \%$ Boys: $100-56=44$ $\rightarrow 44$ out of $100=44 \%$ | \\

\hline Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-037) CODE: A64 \& Theme: $\quad$ Numbers and Numeration (M-07-037) CODE: A64 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Percentages as fractions and decimals \& Lesson Title: Percentages as fractions and decimals \\

\hline | Three friends divided a pawpaw. Michael ate $30 \%$, Zainab ate $25 \%$, and Juliette ate $45 \%$. |
| :--- |
| i. Write each percentage as a fraction and simplify the fraction. Write the fraction as a decimal. |
| ii. Add all three fractions together, and add all three decimals together. | \& | Answer: $\text { i. } \begin{aligned} 30 \% & =\frac{30}{100}=\frac{3}{10}=0.30=0.325 \% \\ & =\frac{25}{100}=\frac{1}{4}=0.2545 \%=\frac{45}{100}=\frac{9}{20}=0.45 \end{aligned}$ |
| :--- |
| ii. $\frac{3}{10}+\frac{1}{4}+\frac{9}{20}=\frac{6+5+9}{20}=\frac{20}{20}=10.3+0.25+0.45=1.0$ | \\

\hline
\end{tabular}

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-038) CODE: A65 \& Theme: \(\quad\) Numbers and Numeration (M-07-038) CODE: A65 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Fractions and decimals to percentages \& Lesson Title: Fractions and decimals to percentages \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
Express the following as a percentage: \\
i) \(\quad 0.65\) \\
ii) \(\frac{4}{5}\) \\
iii) 0.2 \\
\(31 / 2\) minutes
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Answer: \\
i) \(\quad 0.65=0.65 \times 100 \%=65 \%\) \\
ii) \(\frac{4}{5}=\frac{4 \times 100}{5}=\frac{400}{5}=80 \%\) \\
iii) \(0.2 \times 100 \%=20 \%\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Theme: \(\quad\) Numbers and Numeration (M-07-039) CODE: A66 \& Theme: \(\quad\) Numbers and Numeration (M-07-039) CODE: A66 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Identify the percentage of a given quantity \& Lesson Title: Identify the percentage of a given quantity \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
i. Calculate \(22 \%\) of Le 60,000 . \\
ii. Alpha was given \(42 \%\) of Le \(150,000\). \\
Calculate the amount given to Alpha. \\
3 minutes
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Answer: \\
i. \(22 \%\) of Le \(60,000=\frac{22}{100} \times \frac{60,000}{1}=\) Le 13,200 \\
ii. \(42 \%\) of Le \(150,000=\frac{42}{100} \times \frac{150,000}{1}=\) Le 63,000
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-040) CODE: A67 \& Theme: \(\quad\) Numbers and Numeration (M-07-040) CODE: A67 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Express one quantity as a percentage of another \& Lesson Title: Express one quantity as a percentage of another \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
a) In a mathematics lesson, 5 pupils are absent from a class of 25 pupils. What percentage of the class is absent? \\
b) 7 out of every 10 people have watched a football match at the National Stadium. What is this as a percentage?
\end{tabular} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
Answer: \\
a. \(\frac{5}{25} \times \frac{100}{1}=\frac{500}{25}=20 \%\) \\
b. \(\frac{7}{10} \times \frac{100}{1}=\frac{700}{10}=70 \%\)
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Theme: \(\quad\) Numbers and Numeration (M-07-041) CODE: A68 \& Theme: \(\quad\) Numbers and Numeration (M-07-041) CODE: A68 \\
\hline Lesson Title: Percentage increase \& Lesson Title: Percentage increase \\
\hline What do we mean by 'increase'?

1 minute \& | Answer: |
| :--- |
| Increase means addition to a quantity. | \\

\hline
\end{tabular}

| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-041) CODE: A69 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-041) CODE: A69 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Percentage increase | Lesson Title: Percentage increase |
| (i) A bag of rice cost le 150,000 , and was increased to le 210,000 . Calculate the percentage increase. <br> (ii) A man sells cassava in the market. One week he sold 200 bags and the next week he sold 240 bags. Calculate the percentage increase. <br> 3 minutes | Answer: <br> (i) $\frac{60,000}{150,000} \times \frac{100 \%}{1}=40 \%$ <br> (ii) $\frac{40}{200} \times \frac{100 \%}{1}=20 \%$ |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-042) CODE: A70 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-042) CODE: A70 |
| Lesson Title: Percentage decrease | Lesson Title: Percentage decrease |
| What is the formula for finding the percentage increase or decrease? <br> $11 / 2$ minutes | Answer: $\frac{\text { change in quantity }}{\text { original quantity }} \times 100 \%$ |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-042) CODE: A71 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-042) CODE: A71 |
| Lesson Title: Percentage decrease | Lesson Title: Percentage decrease |
| i. A businesswoman sells her lappa for le 20,000 per yard, but she sold one yard to her friend for le 15,000 . Calculate the percentage decrease. <br> ii. In one year, the number of people who own cell phones in one village increased from 40 people to 60 people. Calculate the percentage increase. <br> 3 minutes | Answer: $\text { i. } \frac{5,000}{20,000} \times \frac{100 \%}{1}=25 \% ; \text { ii. } \frac{20}{40} \times \frac{100 \%}{1}=50 \%$ |
| Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-042) CODE: A72 | Theme: Numbers and Numeration (M-07-042) CODE: A72 |
| Lesson Title: Percentage decrease | Lesson Title: Percentage decrease |
| (i) There were 800 people living in a village in 2005. By 2015, the population had grown by $20 \%$. What was the population in 2015 ? <br> (ii) David had 400 DVDs for sale in his shop, but he sold $30 \%$ of them. How many DVDs remain in his shop? <br> 4 minutes | Answer: <br> (i) $100+20=120 \frac{120}{100} \times \frac{800}{1}=960$ <br> (ii) $100-30=70 \frac{70}{100} \times \frac{400}{1}=280$ DVDs |


| Theme: | Numbers and Numeration (M-07-044) | CODE: A73 | Theme: | Numbers and Numeration (M-07-044) | CODE: A73 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lesson Title: Applying percentages to problems with money |  |  | Lesson Title: Applying percentages to problems with money |  |  |
|  | i. Francis opened a new cour first day, his profit was L day, his profit was $25 \%$ profit the second day? <br> ii. Juliet sells lappa in the sold it for le 15,000 per y of her rent increased and increase the price of her will be the new price per | y shop. On the , 000. The second What was his <br> t. Before, she However, the cost wants to a by $15 \%$. What ? 4 minutes | ii. | $100+15=115 \frac{115}{100} \times \frac{15,000}{1}=\operatorname{Le} 17,250$ |  |
| Theme: | Numbers and Numeration (M-07-045) | CODE: A74 | Theme: | Numbers and Numeration (M-07-045) | CODE: A74 |
| Lesson Title: Story problems with percentages |  |  | Lesson Title: Story problems with percentages |  |  |
|  | Abass gets 80\% correct in a test Calculate the number of questions wrong. <br> A man bought a car for Le8,000,000 later at Le6,000,000. What was th in the value of the car? | questions. e test he got <br> d sold it a year centage decrease <br> 4 minutes | Answer <br> a. <br> b. | If Abass got $80 \%$ correct, then he ( $100 \%-80 \%=20 \%$ ). <br> The number of questions he got w $\frac{20}{100} \times \frac{20}{1}=\frac{400}{100}=4$ questions. <br> Calculate the amount of the decre $6,000,000=$ Le2,000,000. Divid by the original quantity and multiply $\frac{2,000,000}{8,000,000} \times \frac{100}{1}=\frac{200}{8}=25 \%$. | 0\% wrong is 8,000,000 - <br> amount decrease $100:$ |

